

Above: Program series currently underway and being planned by the ISGP

#### Inside:

- ISGP history
- ISGP program format
- ISGP conferences planned and convened
- List of organizations that have been represented at ISGP conferences
- List of presenters at ISGP conferences



#### The Institute on Science for Global Policy (ISGP)

www.scienceforglobalpolicy.org

by Dr. George H. Atkinson
Founder and Executive Director, Institute on Science for Global Policy
and
Professor Emeritus, Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry and College of Optical
Sciences, University of Arizona

#### **Preface**

As the second decade of the 21st century opens, most societies are facing difficult decisions concerning how to appropriately use, or reject, the dramatic new opportunities offered by modern scientific advances and the technologies that emanate from them. Advanced scientific research programs, as well as commercially viable technologies, are now developed globally. As a consequence, many societal issues related to science and technology (S&T) necessarily involve both domestic and international policy decisions, both in the public and private sectors. The daunting challenges to simultaneously recognize immediate technological opportunities, while identifying those emerging and "at-the-horizon" S&T achievements that foreshadow transformational advantages and risks within specific societies, are now fundamental governmental responsibilities. These responsibilities are especially complex since policy makers must consider the demands of different segments of society that often have conflicting goals. For example, policy decisions must balance critical commercial interests that promote economic prosperity with the cultural sensitivities that often determine if, and how, S&T can be successfully integrated into any society.

Many of our most significant geopolitical policy and security issues are directly connected with the remarkably rapid and profound S&T accomplishments of our time. Consequently, it is increasingly important that the S&T and policy communities (public and private) communicate effectively. With a seemingly unlimited number of urgent S&T challenges, both wealthy and less-wealthy societies need their most accomplished members to focus on effective, real-world solutions relevant to their specific circumstances. Some of the most prominent challenges involve (i) infectious diseases and pandemics, (ii) environmentally compatible energy sources, (iii) the consequences of climate change, (iv) food safety, security, and defense (v) the cultural impact of stem cell applications, (vi) nanotechnology and human health, (vii) cyber security for advanced telecommunication, (viii) the security implications of quantum computing, and (ix) the cultural radicalization of societies.

Recent history suggests that most societies would benefit from improving the effectiveness of how scientifically credible information is used to formulate and implement governmental policies, both domestic and international. Specifically, there is a critical need to have the relevant S&T information concisely presented to policy communities in an environment that promotes candid questions and debates led by those nonexperts directly engaged in policy decisions. Such discussions, sequestered away from publicity, can help to clarify the advantages and potential risks of realistic S&T options directly relevant to the challenges being faced. Eventually, this same degree of understanding, confidence, and acknowledgment of risk must be communicated to the public to obtain the broad societal support needed to effectively implement any decision.

#### The ISGP mission

The Institute on Science for Global Policy (ISGP) has pioneered the development of a new type of international forum based on a series of invitation-only conferences. These ISGP

conferences are designed to provide articulate, distinguished scientists and technologists opportunities to concisely present their views of the credible S&T options available for addressing major geopolitical and security issues. Over a two-year-plus period, these ISGP conferences are convened on different aspects (e.g., surveillance, prevention, antimicrobial resistance, zoonosis) of a broad, overarching topic (e.g., Emerging and Persistent Infectious Diseases).

ISGP programs rely on the validity of two overarching principles:

- Scientifically credible understanding must be closely linked to the realistic policy decisions made by governmental, private sector, and societal leaders in addressing both the urgent and long-term challenges facing 21<sup>st</sup> century societies. Effective decisions rely on strong domestic and global public endorsements that motivate active support throughout societies.
- 2. Communication among scientific, technological, and policy communities requires significant improvement, especially concerning decisions on whether to use or reject the often transformational S&T opportunities continually emerging from the global research communities. Effective decisions are facilitated in venues where the advantages and risks of credible S&T options are candidly presented and critically debated among internationally distinguished subject-matter experts, policy makers, and private sector and community stakeholders.

#### **Historical perspective**

The dramatic and rapid expansion of academic and private sector scientific research transformed many societies of the 20<sup>th</sup> century and is a major factor in the emergence of the more affluent countries that currently dominate the global economic and security landscape. The positive influence of these S&T achievements has been extremely impressive and in many ways the hallmark of the 20<sup>th</sup> century. However, there have also been numerous negative consequences, some immediately apparent and others appearing only recently. From both perspectives, it would be difficult to argue that S&T has not been the prime factor defining the societies we know today. Indeed, the 20<sup>th</sup> century can be viewed through the prism of how societies decided to use the available scientific understanding and technological expertise to structure themselves. Such decisions helped shape the respective economic models, cultural priorities, and security commitments in these societies.

It remains to be seen how the prosperity and security of 21<sup>st</sup> century societies will be shaped by the decisions made by our current leaders, especially with respect to how these decisions reflect sound S&T understanding.

Given the critical importance of properly incorporating scientifically credible information into major societal decisions, it is surprising that the process by which this is achieved by the public and its political leadership has been uneven and, occasionally, haphazard. In the worst cases, decisions have been based on unrecognized misunderstanding, overhyped optimism, and/or limited respect for potentially negative consequences. Retrospectively, while some of these outcomes may be attributed to politically motivated priorities, the inability of S&T experts to accurately communicate the advantages and potential risks of a given option must also be acknowledged as equally important.

The new format pioneered by the ISGP in its programs seeks to facilitate candid communication between scientific and policy communities in ways that complement and support the efforts of others.

It is important to recognize that policy makers routinely seek a degree of certainty in evaluating S&T-based options that is inconsistent with reality, while S&T experts often overvalue the potentially positive aspects of their proposals. Finite uncertainty is always part of advanced scientific thinking and all possible positive outcomes in S&T proposals are rarely realized. Both points need to be reflected in policy decisions. Eventually, the public needs to be given a frank, accurate assessment of the potential advantages and foreseeable disadvantages associated with these decisions. Such disclosures are essential to obtain the broad public support required to effectively implement any major decision.

#### **ISGP** conference structure

At each ISGP conference, a few (typically eight) internationally recognized, subject-matter experts are invited to prepare concise (three pages) policy position papers. These invited authors are chosen to represent a broad cross section of viewpoints and international perspectives. Several weeks before the conference is convened, these policy position papers are distributed to a group of individuals (typically less than 60) invited by the ISGP to represent policy makers and stakeholders from governments, societal organizations, and international organizations in the Americas, Europe, Asia, and Australia. Individuals from private sector and philanthropic organizations also are invited to participate and, therefore, received the papers. All participants have responsibilities and/or make major contributions to the formulation and implementation of domestic and international policies related to the conference topic.

The conference agenda is normally comprised of eight 90-minute sessions, each of which is devoted to a debate of a given policy position paper. To encourage frank discussions and critical debates, all ISGP conferences are conducted under the Chatham House Rule (i.e., all the information can be used freely, but there can be no attribution of any remark to any participant). In each session, the author is given 5 minutes to summarize his or her views while the remaining 85 minutes are opened to all participants, including other authors, for questions, comments, and debate. The focus is on obtaining clarity of understanding among the nonspecialists and identifying areas of consensus and actionable policy decisions supported by scientifically credible information. These candid debates are designed to reflect international perspectives on real-world problems.

The ISGP staff members attend the debates of all policy position papers. The not-for-attribution summaries of each debate are prepared from their collective notes. These summaries represent the ISGP's best effort to accurately capture the comments and questions made by the participants, including the other authors, as well as those responses made by the author of the paper. The views expressed in these summaries do not necessarily represent the views of a specific author, as evidenced by his or her respective policy position paper. Rather, the summaries are, and should be read as, an overview of the areas of agreement and disagreement that emerged from all those participating in the debates.

Following the debates, caucuses are held in small groups comprised of a representative cross section of the participants. A separate caucus for the scientific presenters also is held. These caucuses focus on identifying areas of consensus and actionable next steps for consideration within governments and civil societies in general. Subsequently, a plenary caucus is convened for all participants. While the debates focus on specific issues and recommendations raised in each policy position paper, the caucuses focus on overarching views and conclusions that could have policy relevance, both domestically and internationally.

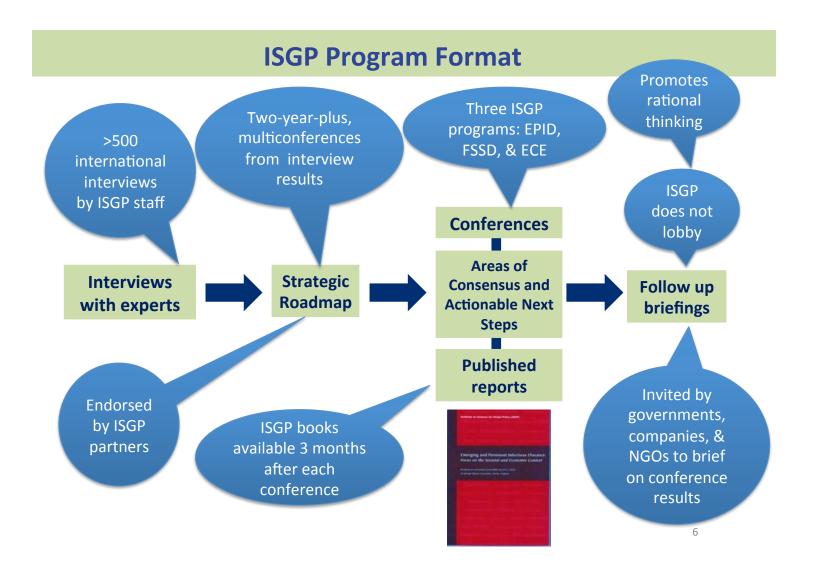
#### **Concluding remarks**

ISGP conferences are designed to provide new and unusual (perhaps unique) environments that facilitate and encourage candid debate of the credible S&T options vital to successfully

address many of the most significant challenges facing 21<sup>st</sup> century societies. ISGP debates test the views of subject-matter experts through critical questions and comments from an international group of decision makers committed to finding effective, real-world solutions. Obviously, ISGP conferences build on the authoritative reports and expertise expressed by many domestic and international organizations already actively devoted to this task. As a not-for-profit organization, the ISGP has no opinions nor does it lobby for any issue except rational thinking. Members of the ISGP staff do not express any independent views on these topics. Rather, ISGP programs focus on fostering environments that can significantly improve the communication of ideas and recommendations, many of which are in reports developed by other organizations and institutes, to the policy communities responsible for serving their constituents.

ISGP conferences begin with concise descriptions of scientifically credible options provided by those experienced in the S&T subject, but rely heavily on the willingness of nonspecialists in government, academe, foundations, and the private sector to critically debate these S&T concepts and proposals. Overall, ISGP conferences seek to provide a new type of venue in which S&T expertise not only informs the nonspecialists, but also in which the debates and caucuses identify realistic policy options for serious consideration by governments private sector, and societal leaders. ISGP programs are designed to help ensure that S&T understanding is integrated into those real-world policy decisions needed to foster safer and more prosperous 21st century societies.





	Emerging and Persistent Infectious Diseases (EPID)	Food Safety, Security, and Defense (FSSD)	Science and Governance (SG)	ISGP Climate Change Arctic Program (ICCAP)	ISGP Academic Partnership (IAP)
2009	Global Perspectives Tucson, AZ Dec. 2009				
2010	EPID: Surveillance Warrenton, VA Oct. 2010			nose conferences the or are in the final sta n	
2011	EPID: Prevention San Diego, CA July 2011 EPID: Mitigation Edinburgh, Scotland Oct. 2011			nose conferences that eing structured and d	
2012	EPID: Societal & Economic Context Fairfax, VA July 2012  21CB/Synthetic Biology: Responsibility & Governance Tucson, AZ Dec.4-7, 2012	Global Perspectives Washington, DC Oct. 24, 2012			
2013	EPID: Antimicrobial Resistance Baylor College of Medicine, Houston, TX March 19-22, 2013	FSSD: Technologies & Innovations Verona, Italy April 14-17, 2013			

	Emerging and Persistent Infectious Diseases (EPID)	Food Safety, Security, and Defense (FSSD)	Science and Governance (SG)	ISGP Climate Change Arctic Program (ICCAP)	ISGP Academic Partnership (IAP)
2013		FSSD: Food and Water Lincoln, NE Oct. 20–23, 2013	SG: The Genomic Revolution British Parliament London, UK Sept. 6, 2013		
2014		FSSD: Food and the Environment Ithaca, NY Oct. 5–8, 2014		ICCAP: Working Group Conference Oslo, Norway Sept. 8 – 13, 2014	IAP: Pandemic Preparation Ursinus College April 11–12, 2014
2015	EPID: Zoonosis U.S. June, 2015  EPID: Big Data and Human Health Canada October, 2015	FSSD: Tropical Agriculture Brazil March 2015  FSSD: Societal and Economic Context Italy Nov. 2015	SG: Big Data Canadian Parliament Ottawa, Canada Spring 2015	ICCAP: Community Conferences in 15 cities across U.S. Jan. — Dec., 2015	IAP: Safeguarding the American Food Supply Ursinus College April 10–11, 2015  IAP: Food Security: Production and Sustainability Eckerd College April 24 –25, 2015
2016	EPID: Antimicrobial Resistance Baylor College of Medicine, Houston, TX March 19-22, 2013		SG: Climate Change U.S. Congress Washington, DC Spring 2016	ICCAP: Stakeholder Conference Tucson, AZ January 2016  ICCAP: Expedition sails Svalbard, Norway June 2016  ICCAP: Television production airs Oct. 2016	IAP: Topic TBD Whittier College Early April 2016  IAP: Topic TBD Muhlenberg College Late April 2016



(Embrapa)

#### **Participating Organizations**

Organizations that have sent representatives to at least one ISGP conference. Those marked with an asterisk have sent multiple representatives to multiple conferences

A*STAR	Brigham and Women's Hospital		
Agriculture and Horticulture Development Board, U.K.	British Consulate General*		
Alfred E. Mann Foundation	California Institute on Technology*		
Alfred P. Sloan Foundation	Canada Office of the Assistant Secretary for Preparedness and Response (DHHS/OS/ASPR)		
ALTA	AGI IV)		
American Friends of the Alexander von	Canadian Embassy		
Humboldt Foundation	Canon U.S. Life Sciences		
Animal Health Institute	Cargill Corp.*		
Arizona State University*	Carnegie Corporation of New York		
Asia-Pacific Institute on Tropical Medicine and Infectious Diseases	Center for Policy on Emerging Technologies (C-PET)		
Aspen Institute	Center for Strategic Leadership, United States Army War College		
Association of American Veterinary Medical			
Colleges	Center of Research Network for Infectious Diseases		
Australia Animal Health Labororatory (CSIRO)	Cantra da lavastimaciones Dialónicas dal		
Australian National University Baylor College of Medicine*	Centro de Investigaciones Biológicas del Noroeste S. C.*		
Wedicine	College of Law, Australian National University		
Bipartisan Policy Center	Only and a Otata Hair and I		
Biofaction KG	Colorado State University		
Brazilian Agricultural Research Corp.	Columbia University*		

ConAgra Foods\*

Innovation, Directorate of Health, Unit of Infectious Diseases and Public Health Consiglio per Ricerca (CRA) Maize Research Unit European Food Safety Authority (EFSA) Cornell University Executive Office of the President\* Consiglio per Ricerca (CRA) European Commission Directorate-General for Consulate General France Health and Consumers (DG SANCO Critical Path Institute\* Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI)\* Federal Institute of Technology (ETH) Zurich David Geffin School of Medicine Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO)\* Defense Intelligence Agency Food and Environment Research Agency\* Defense Science and Technology Laboratory, **UK Ministry of Defense** Fort Huachuca Defense Threat Reduction Agency (DTRA)\* Friends of the Earth U.S. Department for Environment, Food and Rural Genome Analysis Centre Affairs (DEFRA)\* George Mason University\* Department of Global Health Policy, Graduate School of Medicine, University of Tokyo George Washington University Division of Microbiology and Infectious German Marshall Fund of the United States\* Diseases (DMID) of the National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases (NIAID), NIH, Gettysburg College, Eisenhower Institute\* DHHS\* GlaxoSmithKline Consumer Healthcare\* DNA2.0, Inc. Global Viral Forecasting Initiative\* EcoHealth Alliance\* Grocery Manufacturers Association Embassy of Italy Harvard University, School of Public Health **Embassy of Switzerland** Health and Medicine Program Center for the **Environmental Parliament** Study of the Presidency and Congress European Centre for Disease Prevention and Health Policy and Strategy Human Control (ECDC) Development Network, World Bank

European Commission, DG Research &

Health Products and Foods Branch, Health Japan Society for Promotion of Science Canada (JSPS), Washington Office Health Protection Agency (HPA)\* Johns Hopkins University Hills & Co.\* Joint BioEnergy Institute House of Lords\* Kansas State University\* House of Commons\* Logan Circle Policy Group Human and Bioengineered Systems Division, London School of Economics/London School Office of Naval Research (ONR) of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine\* Huntsman Cancer Foundation\* M+W Group\* Illinois Institute of Technology Mars Incorporated\* Imperial College London\* McGill University Indiana University\* McKenna Long and Aldridge LLP Institute for Systems Biology Ministry of Defense, U.K.\* International Center for Technology Ministry of Health, Department of Veterinary Assessment Health, Food Safety and Scientific Evaluation for Health Protection International Council for the Life Sciences\* Monsanto International Life Sciences Institute (ILSI)\* Moredun Research Institute International Security & Biopolicy Institute NAICONS Intrexon Corporation National Center for Food Protection and Iowa State University Defense (NCFPD) / Partnerships and External Relations of the University of Minnesota's Istituto Zooprofilattico Sperimentale delle College of Veterinary Medicine Venezie\* National Center for Medical Intelligence\* Italian Medicines Agency (AIFA) National Defense Intelligence College, Defense Italian Parliament Intelligence Agency J. Craig Venter Institute\* National Food Institute (Denmark)

National Institute of Allergies and Infectious	Peto & Company*		
Diseases, National Institutes of Health, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (NIAD/NIH/DHHS)*	Pfizer*		
National Institute of Infectious Diseases	Princeton University		
	Public Health Agency of Canada*		
National Institute of Molecular Genetics (INGM) Italy	Public Health England		
National Institutes of Health (NIH), Department of Health and Human Services (HHS)*	Quadrata Science LLC		
National Intelligence Council (NIC)*	RAND Corporation		
National Intelligence University	Regional Institute of Research (IReR) Italy		
Nature*	Research Corporation for Science Advancement*		
NDA Regulatory Science	Research Institute of Science and Technology		
Nestlé	for Society at the Japan Science and Technology Agency		
Netherlands Business Support Office (NBSO)	Rice University		
Newcastle University	Rubio Pharma y Asociados*		
New York Academy of Science, Policy Evaluation and Transformation Group	Rutgers University		
New York University	Sabin Vaccine Institute and Baylor College of Medicine		
Novartis Vaccines and Diagnostics*	Sample6 Technologies, Inc.		
Office for Science and Technology at the French Embassy	Sandia National Laboratories		
·	Sanofi		
Office of Naval Research (ONR)*	Science Solutions Inc.		
Office of the Director of National Intelligence (ODNI)	Scottish Government, Science Adviser		
Parliamentary Office of Science and	Sigma Xi		
Technology (POST	Society for General Microbiology*		

South African Embassy in Rome (DTRA-ASCO)\* Stanford University\* Stellenbosch University (HHS / HRSA)\* Swedish University Agricultural Sciences\* Services\* Swiss Tropical and Public Health Institute, Dept. of Epidemiology and Public Health SynBERC/Stanford\* Office of Health Affairs\* Synthetic Genomics, Inc. TeselaGen Biotechnology Inc. U.S. Department of State\* Texas Tech University Tufts University U.S. Agency for International Development (USAID)\*

U.S. Agency for International Development (USAID), Office of Science & Technology, Bureau for Policy, Planning, and Learning\*

U.S. Army War College\*

U.S. Army War College / Strategic Studies Institute\*

U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC)\*

U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA)\*

U.S. Department of Defense (DoD)\*

U.S. Department of Energy

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS)\*

U.S. Defense Threat Reduction Agency -Advanced Systems and Concepts Office

U.S. Department of Health & Human Services / Health Resources and Services Administration

U.S. Department of Health and Human

U.S. Department of Homeland Security (DHS)\*

U.S. Department of Homeland Security (DHS),

U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA)\*

U.S. Naval Medical Research Center\*

U.S. Navy, Global Emerging Infections Systems Armed Forces Health Surveillance Center

U.S. Office of Science and Technology Policy (OSTP)

Uniformed Services University

University of Arizona\*

University of Basel

University of California, Berkely\*

University of California, Davis\*

University of California, San Diego\*

University of Calgary, Departments of Medicine and Microbiology, Immunology & Infectious Diseases at the Calvin, Phoebe and Joan Synder Institute of Infection, Immunity and Inflammation

University of Cambridge, Cambridge Infectious Diseases Initiative

University of Catalonia

University of Connecticut

University of Edinburgh\*

University of Georgia Center for Food Safety

University of Glasgow

University of Hong Kong

University of Liverpool, Institute of Infection and Global Health

University of Manchester, Manchester Institute of Biotechnology

University of Maryland\*

University of Massachusetts Amherst

University of Michigan

University of Minnesota\*

University of Modena and Reggio Emilia

University of Nebraska\*

University of North Carolina Chapel Hill\*

University of Oregon

University of Pennsylvania

University of Pisa University of Saskatchewan, Global Institute for Food Security

University of Toronto, Division of Epidemiology, Dalla Lana School of Public Health,

University of Virginia

Virginia Commonwealth University, Medical College of Virginia

Waters Corp.

Washington University

Wellcome Trust, Sanger Institute

World Bank

World Health Organization (WHO)\*

World Organization of Animal Health

Yonsei University\*



#### **ISGP Conference Presenters, Moderators, and Panelists**

EPID: Global Perspectives, convened Dec. 6–9, 2009 at Ventana Canyon, Tucson, Arizona, U.S.

#### Angel, Roger (Dr.)

Regents Professor and Professor of Astronomy and Optical Sciences, University of Arizona United States

#### Birraux, Claude (Mr.)

The Parliamentary Office for Scientific and Technological Assessment (OPECST)
France

#### Carmona, Richard (Dr.)

Former U.S. Surgeon General; Distinguished Professor, Zuckerman College of Public Health, University of Arizona United States

#### Clancy, Timothy (Mr.)

Senior Program Director, Cybersecurity, Center for Infrastructure Protection, George Mason University United States

#### Colwell, Rita (Dr.)

Chairman, Canon U.S. Life Sciences United States

#### Decker, Chris (Mr.)

Program Director for Global Health, National Intelligence Council United States

#### DeMaio, Adriano (Dr.)

President, Regional Institute of Research (IReR) Italy

#### Einaudi, Giorgio (Dr.)

Professor, University of Pisa Italy

#### Eisenhower, Susan (Ms.)

Chairman of Leadership and Public Policy Programs & Chairman Emeritus, The Eisenhower Institute, Gettysburg College United States

#### Furukawa, Katsuhisa (Mr.)

Research Fellow, Research Institute of Science and Technology for Society at the Japan Science and Technology Agency Japan

#### Heilman, Carole (Dr.)

Director, Division of Microbiology and Infectious Diseases (DMID) of the National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases (NIAID), NIH, DHHS United States

#### Jenkins, Brian (Prof.)

Professor, Biological & Agricultural Engineering, University of California, Davis United States

#### Kennedy, Shaun (Prof.)

Director, National Center for Food Protection and Defense (NCFPD) / Partnerships and External Relations of the University of Minnesota's College of Veterinary Medicine United States

#### Lambkin-Williams, Rob (Dr.)

Chief Executive Officer, Retroscreen Virology Limited United Kingdom

#### Lewis, Nathan (Prof.)

Professor of Chemistry, California Institute of Technology United States

#### Morse, Stephen (Prof.)

Director, PREDICT, of the USAID Emerging Pandemic Threats program) at Professor of Clinical Epidemiology, Columbia University's Mailman School of Public Health United States

#### Sumner, Daniel (Dr.)

Director, UC Agricultural Issues Center and Professor of Agricultural & Resource Economics, University of California, Davis United States

#### Tagliabue, Aldo (Dr.)

Chief Executive Officer, ALTA Italy

#### Taylor, Terence (Mr.)

President, International Council for the Life Sciences United States

#### Wolfe, Nathan (Dr.)

Director, Global Viral Forecasting Initiative (GVFI)
United States

#### Woteki, Catherine (Dr.)

Under Secretary for Research, Education and Economics, U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA)
United States

#### Wulf, William (Prof.)

AT&T Professor of Computer Science, University of Virginia United States



## EPID: Focus on Surveillance, convened Oct. 17–20, 2010 Airlie Conference Center, Warrenton, Virginia, U.S.

#### Brackett, Robert (Dr.)

Role of Attribution in Global Food Surveillance Vice President and Director at National Center for Food Safety and Technology, Illinois Institute of Technology United States

#### Davis, Radford (Dr.)

Surveillance for Livestock Diseases That Impact Food Security and Food Safety Associate Professor in the Department of Veterinary Microbiology and Preventive Medicine, Iowa State University's College of Veterinary Medicine United States

#### Gubler, Duane (Dr.)

Emerging Infectious Diseases in the 21<sup>st</sup> Century: A Threat to Global Economic Security

Director / Professor and Director, Asia-Pacific Institute Tropical Medicine and Infectious Diseases / Program on Emerging Infectious Diseases at Duke-NUS Graduate Medical School, Singapore Singapore

#### Morse, Stephen (Prof.)

Early Warning: The Necessary Beginning
Director, PREDICT, USAID Emerging
Pandemic Threats program) and
Professor of Clinical Epidemiology,
Columbia University's Mailman School of
Public Health
United States

#### Reingold, Arthur (Prof.)

Novel Surveillance Systems: Good Value for the Money Spent?
Professor and Head of Epidemiology
Division, School of Public Health,
University of California, Berkeley
United States

#### Shortridge, Kennedy (Dr.)

Whither Surveillance? Emeritus Professor in the Department of Microbiology, University of Hong Kong Hong Kong

#### Taylor, Travis (Dr.)

The Transition from Pandemic Response to Pandemic Prevention
Global Forecasting Initiative
United States

#### Thompson, Madeleine (Dr.)

Integrating Climate Information into Surveillance Systems for Infectious Diseases: New Opportunities for Improved Public Health Outcomes in a Changing Climate Senior Research Scientist, IRI, Columbia University United States



## EPID: Focus on Prevention, convened June 5–8, 2011 at Estancia La Jolla, San Diego, California, U.S.

#### Abrignani, Sergio (Dr.)

Would You Ever Recommend Driving a Motorbike Without a Helmet? Chief Scientific Officer, National Institute of Molecular Genetics, INGM (Milan, Italy)

#### **Buchanan, Robert (Prof.)**

Moving from Hazard-based to Risk-based Microbial Food Safety Systems to Promote Public Health and Foster Fair Trade Practices Professor, University of Maryland United States

#### Fisman, David (Dr.)

Bugs and Bucks: Infectious Disease Persistence is a Matter of Economics Associate Professor, Division of Epidemiology, Dalla Lana School of Public Health, Univ. of Toronto Canada

#### Hay, Bruce (Dr.)

Synthetic Biology and Infectious Disease: Challenges and Opportunities Associate Professor of Biology, California Institute of Technology United States

#### Jeggo, Martyn (Prof.)

Managing the Risks From New and Emerging Infectious Disease: the 'One Health' Paradigm Professor, Director, Australian Animal Health Laboratory, CSIRO Australia

#### Markovitz, David (Dr.)

Vaccines: Very Successful, Strangely Controversial
Professor, Division of Infectious
Diseases, University of Michigan
United States

#### Rodwell, Timothy (Dr.)

Preventing the Untreatable: Why Drugresistant Tuberculosis Must Be Prevented Assistant Professor, Division of Global Public Health, University of California at San Diego (UCSD): School of Medicine United States

#### Schlundt, Jørgen (Dr.)

The Use of Farm-to-Fork Surveillance and New Genome Sequencing Techniques to Prevent and Control Foodborne Disease GloballyDeputy Director, National Food Institute Denmark



## EPID: Focus on Mitigation, convened Oct. 23–26, 2011 at University of Edinburgh, Edinburgh, Scotland, U.K.

#### Anderson, Roy (Prof. Sir)

Planning for Pandemics: The Formulation of Policy

Chair, Infectious Disease Epidemiology, Department of Infectious Disease Epidemiology, Imperial College London United Kingdom

#### Capua, Ilaria (Dr.)

It's Not What You Know, But What You Do With What You Know
Director, Division of Comparative
Biomedical Sciences, Istituto
Zooprofilattico Sperimentale delle
Venezie
Italy

#### Doyle, Mike (Dr.)

Opportunities for Mitigating Foodborne
Illnesses Caused by Emerging and
Persistent Infectious Agents
Regents Professor and Director,
University of Georgia Center for Food
Safety
United States

#### Gallo, Robert (Dr.)

The Need for Expanded Global Efforts to Mitigate Viral Threats: Lessons from the HIV/AIDS Epidemic
Director, Institute of Human Virology, University of Maryland School of Medicine; Director, Global Virus Network

#### Glass, John (Dr.)

Synthetic Biology: A New Weapon in Our War Against Infectious DiseasesProfessor, J. Craig Venter Institute
United States

#### Kennedy, Shaun (Prof.)

Proactive Use of Supply Chain Data in Foodborne Illness Outbreak Investigation Director, National Center for Food Protection and Defense (NCFPD) / Partnerships and External Relations of the University of Minnesota's College of Veterinary Medicine United States

#### Tait, Joyce (Prof.)

Innovation, Policy, and Public Interactions in the Management of Infectious
Diseases

Professor and Scientific Advisor, Innogen Centre, University of Edinburgh United Kingdom

#### Viswanath, Kasisomayajula (Prof.)

Communicating Risk in the Age of Information Plenty: Implication for Policy and Practice of Emerging and Persistent Infectious Diseases (EPID)
Associate Professor / Faculty Director, Harvard School of Public Health, Dana-Farber Cancer Institute; Health
Communication Core, Dana-Farber/Harvard Cancer Center
United States



## EPID: Focus on the Societal and Economic Context, convened July 8–11, 2012 at George Mason University, Fairfax, Virginia, U.S.

#### Caplan, Art (Prof.)

Synthetic Biology: Ethical and Social Challenges

Drs. William F and Virginia Connolly Mitty Professor, Head of the Division of Bioethics, New York University United States

#### Daszak, Peter (Dr.)

How Can We Predict, Prevent and Pay for the Next Pandemic? President, EcoHealth Alliance United States/United Kingdom

#### Hayes, Vanessa (Dr.)

Translating Technical Advances in Genomics to the Developing World: Addressing Cultural Needs as Part of Policy Making Professor of Genomic Medicine, J. Craig Venter Institute United States/South Africa

#### Kahn, Laura (Dr.)

The Challenges of Implementing One Health

Physician and Research Scholar, Program on Science and Global Security, Woodrow Wilson School of Public and International Affairs; Co-founder, One Health Initiative, Princeton University United States

#### Miller, Gay (Dr.)

Will a Comprehensive Global Source
Attribution System Provide for CostEffective Food Safety?
Professor, Department of Pathobiology at
the College of Veterinary Medicine,
Department of Agriculture and Consumer
Economics (University of Illinois); Adjunct
Professor, Department of Veterinary
Medicine (University of Minnesota)
United States

#### Slovic, Paul (Dr.)

Communication Challenges in Managing Social and Economic Impacts of Emerging and Infectious Diseases Professor, Department of Psychology, University of Oregon United States

#### Williams, Richard (Dr.)

Solving Food Safety Problems without Antiquated Regulation and Inspection Director of Policy Research at the Mercatus Center, George Mason University United States

#### Zinsstag, Jakob (Prof.)

One Health+: Integrated Control and Elimination of Zoonoses
Professor and Head of Human and Animal Health Unit, Swiss Tropical and Public Health Institute, Professor of Epidemiology, University of Basel Switzerland



# 21st Century Borders/Synthetic Biology: Focus On Responsibility and Governance, convened December 4–7, 2012, in cooperation with the University of Arizona, at the Hilton El Conquistador, Tucson Arizona

#### Fatehi, Leilli (Ms.)

Policy Innovation in Synthetic Biology Governance

Research Fellow, Humphrey School of Public Affairs, University of Minnesota United States

#### Freemont, Paul (Prof.)

Synthetic Biology — Do We Need New Regulatory Systems?
Professor, Imperial College London United Kingdom

#### Friedman, Robert (Dr.)

Governance of Synthetic Biology
Chief Operating Officer and Professor, J.
Craig Venter Institute
United States

#### Herman, Eliot (Dr.)

The Challenge To Meet Global Need For Protein Sources For Animal Production Professor, School of Plant Sciences, University of Arizona United States

#### Kuiken, Todd (Dr.)

Do-It-Yourself Biology: Reality and the Path Toward Innovation
Senior Research Associate, Woodrow Wilson International Center for Scholars United States

#### Roca, Maria Mercedes (Dr.)

The Challenges of Deploying Synthetic Biology Technologies in Developing Countries Associate Professor of Biotechnology, Zamorano University Honduras

#### Schmidt, Marcus (Dr.)

Safeguarding the Genetic Firewall with Xenobiology
Founder, Biofaction KG
Austria

#### Smithson, Amy (Dr.)

Renovating Governance Strategies for Synthetic Biology and Other "Dual-Use" Technologies Senior Fellow, James Martin Center for Nonproliferation Studies, Monterey Institute of International Studies United States



#### EPID: Focus on Antimicrobial Resistance, convened March 19–22, 2013 at the Baylor College of Medicine in Houston, Texas, United States

#### Klein, Eili (Prof.)

How Misaligned Incentives Influence
Antibiotic Prescribing and Resistance
Assistant Professor, Center for Advanced
Modeling, Department of Emergency
Medicine, Johns Hopkins University
United States

#### O'Brien, Thomas (Dr.)

Surveillance of Antibiotic Resistance Gene Epidemics

Co-Director WHO Collaborating Centre for Surveillance of Antimicrobial Resistance, Brigham and Women's Hospital United States

#### Palzkill, Timothy (Prof.)

Mitigating Antibiotic Resistance with DNA Sequence Information Professor, Department of Pharmacology, Baylor College of Medicine United States

#### Scott, H. Morgan (Dr.)

Managing Antibiotic Resistance in Animal Agriculture Amidst Conflicting Moral Beliefs and Scientific Uncertainty
Professor, Department of Diagnostic Medicine and Pathobiology, Kansas State University
United States

#### Spellberg, Brad (Dr.)

The Future of Antibiotics and Antibiotic Resistance

Associate Professor of Medicine, Los Angeles Biomedical Research Institute at Harbor-UCLA Medical Center United States

#### Takano, Eriko (Prof.)

Antimicrobial Resistance – A New Drug Discovery Perspective Using Synthetic Biology

Professor, Manchester Institute of Biotechnology, University of Manchester United Kingdom

#### Wenzel, Richard P. (Prof.)

Global Infection Prevention: A Strategy to Minimize Antibiotic Resistance
Professor and Former Chair
Department of Internal Medicine,
Virginia Commonwealth University
United States



#### Food Safety, Security, and Defense: Focus on Innovations and Technologies convened March 14–17, 2013 at Villa Quaratas, Verona, Italy

#### Escher, Felix (Prof.)

Food Security and Safety Between Science and Culture Professor Emeritus, Institute of Food Science and Nutrition, Swiss Federal Institute of Technology Zurich Switzerland

#### Frewer, Lynn (Prof.)

Technology, Society, and Food Security:
Developing a Societally Inclusive Research
and Policy Agenda
Professor, Food and Society, Newcastle
University
United Kingdom

#### Gil, José (Dr.)

Public Perception of Genetically Modified Food and Policy Implications Director, Research Centre for Agri-Food Economy & Development (CREDA), Technical University of Catalonia Spain

#### Newell McGloughlin, Martina (Dr.)

Agricultural Biotechnologies Potential Contribution to Global Food Security and Stewardship of the Earth's Resources Director, International Biotechnology Program, UC Davis United States

#### Opara, Linus (Prof.)

Postharvest Technologies for Food Security and Safety: Linking Knowledge, Infrastructure, and Policy Chair of Postharvest Technology, Stellenbosch University South Africa

#### Raghavan, Vijaya (Prof.)

Facilitating Technology Adoption Professor, McGill University Canada

#### Schaffner, Don (Prof.)

Risk-based Decision-making to Improve Food Safety, Security, and Defense Extension Specialist in Food Science, Rutgers University



# The Genomic Revolution, convened Sept. 6, 2013 in partnership with the Parliamentary Office of Science and Technology, within the Houses of Parliament, London, United Kingdom

#### Beachy, Roger (Dr.)

Genomic Sciences for Agriculture, Food, and Nutrition Professor of Biology, Washington University in St. Louis and Executive Director, Global Institute for Food Security, University of Saskatchewan United States/Canada

#### Crute, Ian (Prof.)

The Genomic Revolution and Sustainable Management of Infectious Plant Disease: Aligning Policies with Objectives
Chief Scientist, Agriculture and Horticulture Development Board
United Kingdom

#### Hood, Leroy (Dr.)

The Emerging Landscape of Medicine and Health Care President and Co-founder, Institute for Systems Biology United States



## Food Safety, Security, and Defense: Focus on Food and Water, convened Oct. 20–23, 2013, in cooperation with the University of Nebraska – Lincoln, in Lincoln, Nebraska, United States

#### Atwill, Rob (Dr.)

Opportunities and Threats to Widespread Adoption of Bacterial Standards for Agricultural Water
Director, Western Institute for Food Safety and Security, University of California, Davis United States

#### Bihn, Elizabeth (Dr.)

Water: A Resource Critical to Food Production and Survival Senior Extension Associate, Department of Food Science, Cornell University United States

#### Brackett, Robert (Dr.)

Water as an Essential Element in Food Safety Director, Institute for Food Safety and Health, Illinois Institute of Technology United States

#### Giannakas, Konstantinos (Dr.)

Innovation and Policy against Hunger in a Water-Constrained World Professor and Director, Center for Agricultural & Food Industrial Organization, University of Nebraska— Lincoln United States

#### Lenton, Roberto (Prof.)

Can we achieve global food security without compromising the use of water to meet other human and environmental needs?

Founding Executive Director, Robert B. Daugherty Water for Food Institute, University of Nebraska–Lincoln United States

#### Reed, Debbie (Ms.)

Food and Water: A Crisis of Uncertainty
Chair of Postharvest Technology,
Executive Director, Coalition on
Agricultural Greenhouse Gases
United States

#### Smucker, Alvin (Prof.)Improved Water

Policies and New Technology will Promote Greater Food and Cellulosic Biomass Production and Reduce Competition for Water Professor of Soil Biophysics, Michigan State University United States

#### Wright, lain (Dr..)

Improving Livestock Water Productivity Program Leader, Animal Science for Sustainable Productivity, International Livestock Research Institute Ethiopia